

Fergana medical institute of public health

Terrestrial Life Policy

In line with its sustainable terrestrial life goals, FMIPH cares about the conservation and sustainable use of its lands, the preservation of existing ecosystems and biological diversity, and the elimination and evaluation of wastes with a zero waste target.

The terrestrial life protection policy of FMIPH covers the following issues:

- It supports or organizes activities aimed at promoting the conservation and sustainable use of university lands.
- It allows some food to be grown sustainably on campus or off campus.
- FMIPH preserves the existing ecosystems and biodiversity in its affiliated areas; conducts educational programs on ecosystems for local or national communities. It organizes training programs or outreach programs on sustainable land management for agriculture and tourism.
- It works towards the protection, restoration and sustainable use of the land ecosystems associated with the University .
- on the rehabilitation of forest areas determined for research and development, the determination of plant species in a fast-growing structure, and the planting of local endemic plant species in order to grow them in areas damaged by fire.
- It takes measures to prevent any damage to living species due to the operation of the university and the newly constructed buildings. Plans to increase local biodiversity and reduce the impact of non-native species on campus.
- FMIPH cooperates with local administrations (municipalities) for the discharge of wastewater within the campus and its off-campus units. Establishes policies to reduce plastic waste on campus. Makes plans for

hazardous waste removal including hazardous materials.

FMIPH has done and will continue to do very successful work at the national and international level on the protection and sustainable use of terrestrial life.